

Presentación de GRAMÁTICA

AVANZA!

Goal: Learn how to use reflexive verbs with their pronouns. Use them to talk about what people do for themselves. *Actividades 6–10*

English Grammar Connection: **Reflexive verbs** describe actions done to or for oneself. In English, **reflexive pronouns** end in *-self* or *-selves* and show that the subject both does and receives the action of the verb.

Reflexive Verbs

Animated Grammar
ClassZone.com

In Spanish, all **reflexive verbs** are expressed with a **reflexive pronoun**.

Here's how: In the infinitive form of **reflexive verbs**, the **reflexive pronoun** attaches to the end: **bañarse**.

When you conjugate **reflexive verbs**, the **pronoun** appears before the conjugated **verb**.

bañarse to take a bath			
yo	me baño	nosotros(as)	nos bañamos
tú	te bañas	vosotros(as)	os bañáis
usted, él, ella	se baña	ustedes, ellos(as)	se bañan

Jorgito **se baña** a las ocho. *Jorgito takes a bath at eight.*

When a **reflexive verb** follows a **conjugated verb**, use the correct **reflexive pronoun** with the infinitive.

You can *attach* the **pronoun** to the infinitive.

attached ↓
¿A qué hora **quieres despertarte**?
What time do you want to wake up?

You can also place the **pronoun** *before* the **conjugated verb**.

before ↓
Me quiero despertar a las siete.
I want to wake up at seven.

Some verbs are not always reflexive.

<i>not reflexive</i>	Yo despierto a Celia a las siete.	<i>I wake up Celia at seven.</i>
<i>reflexive</i>	Yo me despierto a las siete.	<i>I wake (myself) up at seven.</i>

Más práctica

Cuaderno pp. 76–78

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Cuaderno para hispanohablantes pp. 77–79